Numb. 345.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From July 10. to July 17. 1735.

LONDON, April 10.

THE Letters from Barcelona ſay that the ſpaniſh Militia being put on the foot of thoſe in France, are become very invincible Troops, and that the King has Thirty-ſix Ships of the Line, beſides Frigates, fit for the Sea this Spring.

The French are very buſy at Toulon, and in other Ports of France, in equipping all their Men of War and Frigates, in order to have a powerful Fleet at Sea this Summer.

'Tis adviſed from Stockholm, that they had publiſhed in all the Ports of the Kingdom, a rigorous Prohibition, to tranſport any Arms or Ammunition, for the Service of King Staniſlaus which, 'twas believed, was done on the Complaints made by the Ruſſian Miniſter, that the Adherents of the ſaid King would have before this Time, ſubmitted to King Auguſtus, if they had not been clandeſtinely ſupplied with thoſe Things from Sweden: 'Tis added that new Levies were making, but for what End, was not known, ſince all the Regiments were compleat; and that Preparations were making both by Sea and Land.

April, 12. 'Tis adviſed from Lisbon that the regular Troops and Militia, continue their March to the Frontiers, and ſuch other Preparations were made as betoken an open Rupture, if the other Powers find not Means to accommodate the Difference.

We hear that his Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint Mr. Oglethorpe to be one of the Lords Commiſſioners of Trade and Plantations, in the Room of Mr. Docminique, deceaſed.

'Tis ſaid, that a Marriage is very far advanced between his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales and the Princeſs Eleonora Elizabeth (4th Daughter to the King of Pruſſia;) and that his Majeſty will put the laſt Hand to it when he goes to viſit his German Dominions this Summer.

April, 19. His Majeſty has ſettled 500*l.* *per Ann.* on Dr. *Douglas*, who attended the Princeſs of *Orange* in *Holland*, and is returned to *England*; her Highneſs not proving with Child.

Sir Charles Wager, is to command the Squadron which is to convoy his Majeſty to Holland in his Way to Germany, where he is to go the 20th of next Month, and, as reported, make a Campaign there; Her Majeſty to be Regent in the mean Time.

A great many Roberies, and 6 or 7 Murdered this Month.

May, 1. By the laſt Holland Mail, we have received a Liſt of the Troops of the three Allies in Lombardy, which contain the Number of 109,080; but that Liſt is not exact, the French having no more in Number than 40,060, the Piedmonteſe 23,708, and the Spaniards 24,800, in all 88,568. This is the true and exact Number of effective Men.

Prince Eugene is expected on the Rhine the 4th of May.

We have it from very good Hands that the Difference between his Catholick Majeſty and the King of Portugal is in a happy Way of being accommodated.

All Advices confirm what we formerly mention'd, that the main Puſh will be this Year in Italy, in order to drive the Imperialiſts intirely from that Part of the World. 'Tis well known the Maritime Powers ſet Bounds laſt Compaign to the Conqueſts of France upon the Rhine; and 'tis equally certain, that Marſhal Coigny will make no great Noiſe in this, for fear of awaking a Republick from her Lethargy.

Our Accounts from Poland mention, that an anonymous Letter had been thrown in K. Auguſtus's Coach as he was paſſing along the Street, and that the Court had been put into ſome Diſorder by it; the Letter intimates with ſolemn Proteſtations, that a Band of Conſpirators, to the Number of Seven, reſolved to follow the Example of Mutius Scævola, and to aſſaſſinate him, tho they died for it; adding, that as they looked upon his Deſigns equally threatening the Liberties of Poland, as Porſenna's Siege did thoſe of Rome, they ſhould think

think their Lives well laid down to deliver their Country from a foreign Yoke. Several of the Biſhops and Grandees have alſo received anonymous Letters, threatning their Lives in Caſe they did not deſert King Auguſtus by a limited Time.

Letters from Koningsburg, by yeſterday's Holland Mail tell us, that King Staniſlaus had received another Letter from the King of France, wherein his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty aſſures him, *That the Negotiations of Peace, to which he had hearken'd, and the Reſolution he has taken to continue the War, are both grounded upon this Principle*, viz. *To ſecure to him the peaceable Enjoyment of the Throne of Poland, and reſtore Peace to a People, who have Sacrificed themſelves with ſo much Bravery, to ſupport his Lawful Election.* His moſt Chriſtian Majeſty adds, *That his Allies act with him upon the ſame Principle; and that he will not lay down his Arms till that Object is entirely ſatisfied, it being the only one for which he took them up.* Theſe fair Promiſes keep up the Zeal and Courage of the Poliſh Lords at Koningsburg; ſo that they take little or no Notice of the Conduct of thoſe who are engaged to change Sides by Perſonal Motives. But there being now no Body of Poliſh Troops left, except thoſe under Count Pociey in Lithuania, the Muſcovites are caſting their Net in ſuch a manner as to hedge them in; and when that is done, there is an End to King Staniſlaus's Party: He may as well abdicate.

From Vienna we learn, that the Emperor had given Prince Eugene 100,000 Florins, towards defraying his Expences during the Campaign.

May 6. Letters from Italy adviſe, that the Pope has offered his Mediation to accommodate the Differences between the Kings of Portugal and Spain, and has back'd his Offer with a very pathetick Brief, to diſpoſe their Minds as Chriſtians, to a ready Accommodation: But neither his Exhortations or his Mediation are like to take Effect: For the Spaniards continue their March towards Portugal, and the Imperial General Count Wallis is ſet out Poſt from Italy to command his Portugueſe Majeſty's Troops, who are aſſembling with all Diligence on the Frontiers.

We hear that the Princeſs talk'd on for a Marriage with his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, is of the Houſe of Anſpach Bareith, a Relation of her Majeſty's, being eſteem'd the moſt compleat Lady in all Germany, and, celebrated not only for her Beauty but her uncommon Senſe and Application to Literature and polite Sciences.

The Mail which arrived on Sunday from France, brought Letters from Meſſina, Florence, Parma and Strasburg; but they contain no material News; only thoſe from Parma and Strasburg put us in Expectation of ſome very ſpeedily, the Troops having quitted their Quarters in Germany as well as Italy, in order to take the Field and enter upon Action.

'Tis adviſed from Mantua of the 27th, that notwithſtanding the Superiority of the Enemy's Army, Count Konigſegg appears reſolved to defend the Poſts which the Imperialiſts now poſſeſs, and that his Army is 33,000 in Number, divided into two Bodies, one of 15,000 Men, on the other Side of the Po, and extended from Final, in the Territories of Modena, to St. Benedetto, for covering Mirandola; the other on this Side of the Po, of 18,000 Men cantoned from St. Giacomo to that Part oppoſite to St. Benedetto, where a Bridge is laid for a Communication between the 2 Bodies; and beſides theſe, there are ſome Troops at Canetto, and in other Parts on the Oglio; and the Garriſon of Mantua is compoſed of Militia only; and the Magazines are amply furniſhed with Proviſions and all Neceſſaries.

Some Letters mention that the King of Portugal is raiſing 18,000 Men to reinforce his Army.

The Marquis de Chavigny, the French Miniſter, has delivered to the King the Anſwer of the Allies to the Plan of Accommodation, and the ſame has been communicated to Count Kinski, the Emperor's Ambaſſador.

The ſaid Anſwer has been likewiſe deliver'd in Form to their High-Mightineſſes the States General.

We have an Account from Holland, that a Promotion of General Officers had been lately propoſed to the States General; and among the reſt to make his Serene Highneſs the Prince of Orange General of the Foot, which had been agreed to by ſome of the Provinces, and was ſent to the States of Holland for their Approbation.

Thurſday ſe'nnight is the Time fixed for the Riſing of the Parliament; and ſoon after his Majeſty will embark for Holland, in order to viſit his German Dominions, Orders being given for all Things to be got in Readineſs for that Purpoſe.

Yeſterday his Grace the Archbiſhop of Canterbury was ſo extream ill that his Phyſicians thought he cannot recover.

On the 27th paſt a Stable near to Long Melford in Suffolk, was ſet on Fire by the Lightning, and, with 7 Horſes was intirely conſumed.

On the 6th Inſtant at Night, the Imperialiſts took Poſt in an Iſland on the Rhine, in that Part where the French paſſed it laſt Year, which makes it believed the former deſign to paſs it this Year out of Hand; and there is a Talk of laying a Bridge of Boats over the River for that Purpoſe.

The Imperial Army increaſes daily, the Pruſſian Troops paſſed the Main the 7th, and the Danes are near at Hand to join.

On the other hand, we are told from Coblentz, that 40,000 French were approached within Cannon-ſhot of that Place, and threaten to paſs the Rhine, and lay the Country on the other Side under Contribution; and their whole Army was to begin to encamp the 9th Inſtant.

Prince

Prince Eugene has wrote to the Duke of Wirtemburg, by a Courier, to adviſe him, that his Deſign was to ſet out from Vienna the 3d or 4th Inſtant, and to be in the Army the 6th or 10th.

May 7. Extract of a Letter from the Hague,

The Court of France continuing obſtinate refuſe the new Plan, as not containing Proviſion ample and honourable enough for King Staniſlaus, we hear the Mediating Powers have made new Propoſitions at Verſailles; and that to give his Poliſh Majeſty a more conſiderable Equivalent than the bare Reſtitution of his Eſtates in Poland, the ſaid Powers offer to engage the Court of Ruſſia and Saxony to allow him a conſiderable Penſion over and above the Revenues he will be able to draw from his Patrimony: But 'tis generally believed here, that France will try the Iſſue of the Campaign, and not accept any Terms of Accomodation.

BOSTON.

In the Houſe of Repreſentatives June 25. 1735.

UPON a motion made and ſeconded by many of the Members, the following Queſtion was put, viz. *Whether the Proceedings at the Convention of a Number of Miniſters at* Boſton, May 29th 1735. *in chooſing Mr.* Samuel Fiske, *late Paſtor of the firſt Church in* Salem, (*who lies under Eccleſiaſtical Cenſures, is depoſed by his Church, ſtands bound over to the Seſſions to anſwer for the Breach of the King's Peace, and is under Bonds for the Peace and good Behaviour*) *to Preach the Sermon to that Convention at their Anniverſary Meeting; and their attempting* (*without the Preſence and Advice of their Churches*) *to determine on the Power of a Church in depoſing their Paſtor, be not Contemptuous to Authority; and whether ſuch Proceedings do not tend to Diſorder and Confuſion, as well in Church as in State?* Reſolved in the Affirmative by a very great Majority. Sent up for Concurrence.

J. Quinſey, Speaker.

In Council *June* 25. 1735. Read & Concurr'd.

J. Willard, Sec.

Conſented to,

J. BELCHER.

July, 7. *Extract of a Letter from* S. Chriſtophers, March 17. 1734,5.

The Spaniards continue their former Depredations, with all the Cruelty and Inſolence of Pirates.

On the 1ſt of this Inſtant we had Acvice, that on the 27th of *February* laſt, a Spaniſh Privateer or rather Pirate, after having chaſed a Sloop belonging to Spaniſh Town, and commanded by one *Lewis Soire*, forced her to run on Shoar upon the Iſland of *Saba*, having fired ſeveral Shot through her, and cut her Rigging and Sails to Pieces; but the People from the Shoar prevented their getting her off: *Lewis Soire* has depoſed the Truth of this before his Excellency General *Matthew*, and that he judged the Pirate to have about 120 Hands on board, moſt Negroes and Mollatoes; he adds, that ſhe had two Sloops with her, which proved to be Prizes ſhe had taken the ſame Day, bound from *St. Euſtatia* to *St. Martin's*.

Whereupon General *Matthew* inſtantly fitted out a Sloop of his own with ſixty Men to go in queſt of the Pirate and her Prizes; but tho' ſhe was ten Days out, ſhe had not the good Fortune to meet with them, they having got into *Porto Rico* Harbour before. This Example was followed by another Gentleman, who fitted out a Sloop at his own Expence, but wanting a ſufficient Number of Men to go in her, he was obliged for that Time to lay aſide the Deſign.

We have ſince received certain Advice, that the Pirate has taken three Sloops belonging to this Iſland and *Antigua*, at *Santa Cruz*, and five others among the *Virgin* Iſlands; and ſome of the Priſoners which they have landed from the Prizes, declare they intend to cut our Ships out of our Roads: This alarming Report has occaſioned the Maſters of ſeveral Veſſels to petition the chief Governour, that ſome Method may be taken for the more effectual Protection of our Ships and Trade. His Excellency, till better Methods can be thought of, out of his great Generoſity, is fitting out his Sloop a ſecond time for the Security of the homeward-bound Ships, and to endeavour to find out this Rogue, who it ſeems has a Commiſſion from the Governor of *Porto Rico*, to whom he belongs.

About ſix Weeks ago, a Sloop belonging to Meſſieurs *Auguſtus Boyd* and *Anthony Wharton*, was run away with from this Place, by ſome White Men and ſeventeen Negroes, who carried her into *Porto Rico* where the Governor cauſed her and the Negroes on board to be ſold; and we are informed, he put the Money in his own Pocket.

This is ſuch an Encouragement to Villany, as muſt quickly render the Fortunes of a Number of People in this Iſland very precarious, if ſpeedy Methods are not thought on to obtain ſome Sort of Satisfaction.

The Trade from *Antigua* and this Iſland to the *Leeward* Iſlands, is not inconſiderable, and ſupports a great Number of People, who have no other Means to maintain their Families; and it might be carried on with great Safety, if his Majeſty's Ships would now and then ſcour our Seas, and anſwer the End for which his Majeſty is graciouſly pleaſed to ſend them.

The diſmal Proſpect we have in Caſe of War, has ſo diſcouraged many of our Inhabitants, eſpecially the poorer Sort of People, who have been ruined by theſe Piracies, that they are going to ſeek Protection elſewhere. We hope the General will repreſent this Matter to the King, and that his Excellency's Remonſtrances will be attended with Succeſs.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, *Entred in. July* 14.

Kierſted and Tuckneſs from Jamaica,

Entred out. Butler for Maryland, Boſch for Boſton, Waller for No-Carolina, Harris and Dunham for Antigua, Mansfield and Thomas for Jamaica, Leacraft for Coraçoa, Vater for Madeira, Peate for Briſtol.

Cleared. Skinner to Cadiz, Wadland to Briſtol, Griffith and Boſch to Boſton, Croſs to No-Carolina, Butler to Maryland.

Phiadelphia, July 17. Yeſterday one King, a young Man of Boſton, riding out of this City in a Chaiſe, which he knew not how to govern, overſet it both going out and coming home; and the ſecond time was kill'd by the Fall.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, *Entred in.*

Ship Pennsbury, James Streaton, from Lisbon,
---- Nelly, John Norris, from Madeira,
Brigt. King David, William Donelſon, from Antigua.

Entred out.

Snow Dove, Edward Sheaffe, for Weſt-Indies,
Ship Penn Gally, Edward Kirk, for Dublin.

Cleared.

Brigt. Two Siſters, Richard Pidgeon, to Surrinam,
---- Hampſhire, George Bordman, to Barbadoes,
Sloop Speedwell, Joſeph Hatton, to Boſton,
Brigt. Unity, Benjamin Haskins, to Gibraltar,
Pink Betty Hope, Francis Sewer, to Jamaica,
Brigt. Lancaſhire Witch, Jona. Burchall to Barbadoes,
Ship Sea-Flower, William Heaſleton to Boſton,
---- John and Ann, James Shirley to Newfoundland.

WHEREAS it has been often adver-tis'd, by John Leacock *and* Charles Read *Executors of the Will of Mr.* Thomas Chaſe, *deceas'd, and by ſaid* Read *and* Caleb Caſh, *jun. Executors of the Will of Mrs.* Mary Appleton, *deceas'd; that the Perſons indebted to the reſpective Eſtates ſhould come and pay what they owe, which they have hitherto neglected, further Notice is hereby given that whoſoever continues in ſuch Neglect, after the firſt Day of* September *next, ſhall be proceeded againſt according to Law*

Juſt Publiſhed,

SOME Obſervations on the Proceedings againſt the Reverend Mr. Hemphill; *with a Vindication of his Sermons.* Printed and Sold by the Printer hereof, Price *ſix Pence.*

RUN away the 18th of June last, from Thomas Uſtick of Second River in Newark, Eaſt-Jerſey, an Iriſh Servant Man named Owen Ward, about 23 Years of Age, a ſlender-grown Man, with a large Scar on the left Side of his Face under his Eye, and the Fore-Finger of one of his Hands has loſt the firſt Joint; profeſſes to be a Husbandman and Miner. Had on a Hat ſcollop'd round the Brim, a white Wig, and a blue checked cotton Shirt. He was taken up and impriſon'd at Burlington, and after taking him from thence he made his Eſcape. Whoever takes up and brings him to Thomas Dunning, at the George-Inn, in Philadelphia, or to his ſaid Maſter, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by

Thomas Uſtick or Thomas Dunning.

RUN away on the 23d Inſtant from the Widow Ann Amos at Poqueſton, a welſh Servant Man named Thomas Roberts, he is marked on his right Hand with the Letters T. R. about 22 Years of Age, had ſhort curl'd brown Hair, but perhaps has cut it off ſince he went away, is round viſag'd, full-faced, and freſh colour'd, has wide Noſtrils and ſmall grey Eyes, is pretty tall and ſlim, ſpeaks good Engliſh and Iriſh, is much addicted to Liquor, ſings well, and ſometimes alters his Voice like a Woman. He had on when he went away a blue-grey broadcloth Coat, it has been turn'd and very few Plaits in the Sides; an old fine white Shirt, fine homeſpun Linnen Jacket which being too big for him is took up in the Sides and Back, coarſe homeſpun Trowſers, brown woollen Stockings, round-toed Shoes, braſs Buckles and has took an Ax with him. 'Tis ſuppoſed he is gone towards York. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward and reaſonable Charges paid by

Ann Amos.

June 26, 1735.

LATELY imported from London, and are to be ſold by Dr. Peter Sonmans over againſt the Baptiſt Meeting-Houſe in Second-Street, Philadelphia; all Sorts of Druggs, and Chymical and Galenical Medicines; alſo the beſt Hungary Water, and very good Sweet Almonds.

To be SOLD,

THREE Tracts of choice good arable Land, in the County of Middleſex, in the eaſtern Diviſion of New-Jerſey, ſituated on Georges-Road in the Townſhip of New-Brunſwick, and but about 9 Miles from the City, viz. The one commonly known by the Name of the Saplin Ridge, containing 235 Acres of choice good well timbered Upland, and has a Range of above 1000 Acres, which renders it very commodious for raiſing Stock it being well water'd by Lawrence's Brook and ſundry Springs; and is joining to William Cox's Saw-Mill. One other in the Great-Swamp commonly ſo called, containing 208 Acres of choice well timber'd Land: Great Part of which may be turn'd into Meadow, and by that means make a compleat Farm or Plantation. The other commonly known by the Name of The Small Windfalls, containing 211 Acres, twenty whereof is now exceeding good Meadow, the Reſidue being very well timber'd Land, good Soil, and well water'd; being bounded eaſtward by Thomas Lawrence's Land, weſterly by John Nevil's Land, Southerly and Northerly by Robert Davis's Land. Any Perſon enclining to purchaſe any of the aboveſaid Tracts of Land, may apply to Peter Sonmans, in Philadelphia, or Benjamin Clark, jun. of Stonybrook, or Barefoot Brinſon of Milſtone; the two latter if deſired, will ſhow them the Premiſſes.

RUM, SUGARS, WINE and SALT, Sold by Joſeph Wharton.

STray'd or Stolen away off the Common at Philadelphia, ſince the 16th of May laſt; a ſmall brown Horſe, with a Star in his Forehead, branded with T on the off Buttock, and H on the off Shoulder, his Mane has lately been trim'd off of both Sides, and now begins to fall on the off Side, ſhod before; had on when he went away, a large Bell, marked Samuel Holt at large, and a pair of Leather-Hoppels. Strayed alſo a black Horſe, ſince the 26th of June, branded WR. in one Letter on the near Buttock, and ① on the near Shoulder, one white Foot behind, a Star in his Forehead, and ſhod before, a natural Pacer. Whoever brings them or either of them to the Subſcribers, ſhall for each of them have Ten Shillings Reward, paid by

William Sommerſet, or Samuel Holt.

For DUBLIN,

THE Brigantine Mary, James Marſhal, Maſter, will ſail with all Expedition. For Freight or Paſſage agree with Peter Baynton or ſaid Maſter.

DR. Bateman's PECTORAL DROPS, which are given with ſuch great Succeſs, in all Fluxes, Spitting of Blood, Conſumptions, Small-Pox, Meaſles, Colds, Coughs, and Pains in the Limbs or Joints; they cure Agues, and the moſt violent Fever in the World, if taken in Time, and give preſent Eaſe in the moſt racking Torment of the Gout; the ſame in all ſorts of Cholicks; they cure the Rheumatiſm, and what is wonderful, in all ſorts of Pains (be they ever ſo violent) they give Eaſe in a few Minutes after taken; they eaſe After Pains, prevent Miſcarriages, and are wonderful in the Stone and Gravel in the Kidneys, Bladder and Ureters; bringing away Slime, Gravel, and oftentimes Stones of a great bigneſs, and are the beſt of Medicines for all Stoppages or Pains in the Stomach, Shortneſs of Breath, and Straitneſs of the Breaſt, re-enkindling the almoſt extinguiſh'd natural Heat in diſeas'd Bodies, by which Means they reſtore the languiſhing to perfect Health: Their manner of working is by moderate Sweat and Urine. For Childrens Diſtempers, no Medicine yet diſcover'd can compare with it: For it cures the Gripes in their Stomach and Bowels, by expelling Wind upwards and downwards. It cauſes weak and froward Children to take their natural Reſt. It is taken with great Succeſs in the Rickets, and, in a Word, it hath reſtored Hundreds of poor Infants to their ſtrength and livelineſs, that have been reduced to meer Skeletons.

Sold by Miles Strickland in Market-Street, Philadelphia, price 4 s. a Bottle, with Directions.

ALL Perſons who are indebted to Henry Flower, late Poſtmaſter of Pennſylvania, for Poſtage of Letters or otherwiſe, are deſired to pay the ſame to him at the old Coffee-Houſe in Philadelphia.

A Servant Maid's Time to be diſpoſed of. She is a very good Cook, and fit for all Sorts of Houſhold Work in Town or Country. Inquire at the Crooked-Billet in Philadelphia.

To be SOLD.

IN Publick Shop by Barr & Carroll at the Crooked-Billet in Front-Street, all Sorts of Manufactur'd Tobacco viz. Fine Pigtail, Choice Snuff, Beſt Cutt and Common Black Roul and Leaf Tobacco, wholeſale or retail at reaſonable Rates; where due Attendance is given.

GOOD Florence Oyl in Flasks, as alſo by the Gallon or ſmaller Quantity, ſold by Mrs. Mankin in Market-Street.

To be SOLD,

A GRIST Mill having two pair of Stones (lately rebuilt and in good ſubſtantial Repair) upon a conſtant Stream of Water, dividing the Counties of New-Caſtle and Kent upon Delaware, diſtant a Quarter of a Mile from Navigable Water, and about 25 Miles from the Town of New-Caſtle; and alſo a Dwelling-Houſe, a Store and Cooper's Shop, with 60 Acres of Land contiguous to the ſaid Mills, and an Orchard containing 50 good bearing Apple-Trees. Whoever have a mind to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to Nathaniel French and William Rawle of Philadelphia, or to Joſeph Rawle at the ſaid Mills in Kent aforeſaid.

Philadel. June 3, 1735.

To be SOLD,

A CHOICE Tract of Land, containing 407 Acres in the Northern Liberties of the City of Philadelphia, diſtant about Three Miles from the City, bounded to the Weſtward above a Mile upon Frankfort Creek, having a good Stone Quarry on it. Whoever hath a mind to purchaſe the ſame, may agree with William Rawle in Philadelphia.

N. B. That Credit will be given for one Half of the Purchaſe Money a Twelve-Month if deſired, upon depoſiting the ſaid Premiſſes as a Security.

READY MONEY for old RAG'S may be had of the Printer hereof.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New-Printing-Office near the Market. Price 10 s. a Year.

Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonable, in the beſt Manner.